

Cincinnati Morning Herald.

Tuesday, January 29, 1870.

Our Representatives.

Some of the "Republican" papers of the State are very severe upon those public Senators and Representatives who elected Mr. Irwin State Treasurer by a coalition with the Democrats of both Houses, but the majority of the Republican press of the State sustains Mr. Irwin. In this region, where Mr. Irwin is so well known and popular, his success is naturally a good deal rejoiced over. His is good enough Republican form, and we have yet to hear the first word of either Messrs. Lowry and Ames for voting for that personal friend, Irwin. We have little doubt for a member who has not a mind of his own and some independent character. Mr. Ames is in honest and intelligent legislation true to his party, as he has shown for many, hard political campaigns—and his party will stand by him. To his friends, no man has warmer sympathies, and to his constituents, at much ascribed, as they have occasion to know, will render to his credit hereafter. We will not Domesticate conditions in Titusville. They do not frighten us. There are some questions, about which, do our best, with all our Republican sense, to make them safe for the Government, but the Legislature did not do its duty. We do not believe that partition ever saved the State a red cent; but are sure partisanship and demagogism have cost the State millions of money.

Mr. Fenton's Financial Views.

Mr. Fenton of New York, made his first formal speech in the Senate on Friday last. His antecedents in the House, and his position as a prominent member of the Finance Committee caused him to be listened to with great interest. His speech was long and able, and no slight summary can do it justice.

He argued that the measure before the Senate was but a partial solution of a grave problem. All legislative action on this subject should be framed upon a broad and comprehensive policy, having in view a clear and distinct end. The question of debt and taxation, of banking and currency, all distinct in their character, are interwoven in their influences and bound up together.

The present state of our currency has made our appearance of prosperity as hollow as it is glittering. This depreciated currency has wrought most unjust and oppressive inequalities. All sound men are looking with feverish anxiety, for an avenue of escape. The gold basis must be reached, the alternative is between resumption and a still more violent derangement. To retrace our path toward our former safe financial position is difficult and laborious; to continue in the present quelling way is easy and alluring. The hope of obtaining relief from pressing wants through expansion is most flattering, but the records of France, Austria, and Russia convey impressive warnings upon this point. They have all followed the same inviolate course to the same disastrous end.

After the exordium of which we have given the most outline, Senator Fenton proceeded, in a long and elaborate argument, to demonstrate the inexplicability of an expansion of the currency, and the absolute necessity of determining, promptly, upon some practicable road to resumption. He would not multiply currencies of unequal values, which history shows cannot be maintained side by side. He had no pet favorite of his own to advocate. He was willing that the South and West, whose necessities he appreciated, should have a larger volume of currency, provided, it could be done without increasing the total amount throughout the country, and would prefer to central rather than to extend.

TAT. P. SHAFTELL, President of the Nitro-Glycerin Co., 78 and 80 Broadway, New York.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Nitro-Glycerine.—The concoctives of Dr. J. Shaffer's statements may be a certainty by any one who refers to the Patent Office records, or to the records of the Patent Office.

A copy of a Patent granted to Geo. M. Mowbray, No. 50,499, dated April 1, 1863, for an improvement in the manufacture of Nitro-Glycerin, and has been quite common in Europe. Though the form very violent in its symptom, it is not attended with great mortality. Several cases have been detected in the hospitals.

Ex-Judge II. of the Marine Court, and Mr. Jesse O. Underwood, of the Surrogate's office, will well know gentlemen in local political circles, due yesterday.

And yet Tat. P. gravely advertises that he or his company have the exclusive right to manufacture, to use, to blast, &c. With the poet, I can only reply to such a man, "Shoo, thy don't hold me." Put thy, you may, but deal with him at your peril, the warning of.

GEORGE M. MOWBRAY,
January 27, 1870.

Geo. M. Mowbray

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Nitro-Glycerin—Giant Powder-Dynamite, Silicous, and other Nitro-Potent Powders.

This is to inform the public that the Nitro-Glycerin Company, 78 and 80 Broadway, New York, is prepared to furnish any of the above explosive substances at their factory, in any desired quantity. Price for Nitro-Glycerin at New York, \$1.33 per pound.

The above named company is now preparing to manufacture the above explosive substances in the oil rooms, and within sixty days will be prepared to sell Nitro-Glycerin at \$1.50 to \$1.60 per pound, delivered at Titusville.

It must be remembered, however, that the exclusive right to use Nitro-Glycerin in oil wells has been leased to the Roberts Petroleum Torpedo Company, for a royalty of \$20 per torpedo, which sum they have paid for the past three years.

Any violation of their rights will be prosecuted by the company, regardless of time, labor or expense.

All persons purchasing Nitro-Glycerin from the company will have the right to use the patents belonging to it to blast with said purchased Nitro-Glycerin, except for oil wells, without further charge than the price paid for the Nitro-Glycerin. These patents encompass all the present uses of exploding with electricity for blasting in oil wells, and, generally, for blasting in oil wells, and, generally,

TAT. P. SHAFTELL, President of the Nitro-Glycerin Co., 78 and 80 Broadway, New York.

Nitro-Glycerin—Warning.

The public interested in toppling oil wells and blasting rock, are hereby warned against using the Nitro-Glycerin manufactured by Geo. M. Mowbray, and his confederates at Palmyra, Ohio, and all persons using the said Nitro-Glycerin, or benefited by its use, will be prosecuted in law.

TAT. P. SHAFTELL, President of the Nitro-Glycerin Co., 78 and 80 Broadway, New York.

Torpedoes—Nitro-Glycerin—Electricity.

The public, and particularly those interested in oil wells and blasting, are hereby informed that the exclusive right to use Nitro-Glycerin in oil wells for toppling and blasting the said wells, and the exclusive right to use Electricity for exploding torpedoes in oil wells, have been leased to the Roberts Torpedo Company.

The patent for the use of Nitro-Glycerin for any and all kinds of blasting, in rock or oil wells, or for toppling the same, are owned by the United States Blasting Oil Company, and leased to the Nitro-Glycerin Company of New York. The same company has the exclusive patent for blasting Nitro-Glycerin with Electricity, and all other known modes of exploding it.

The undersigned, personally, in 1869, obtained several letters patent for the exclusive right to blast Nitro-Glycerin, Gun Powder, Gun Cotton, and all other explosive substances, by Electricity, made by any and all kinds of electric batteries, in oil wells. These patents are licensed to the Roberts Torpedo Company.

The undersigned has been informed, and believes that divers and sundry persons are violating the patent above referred to, in and about the oil regions of Pennsylvania, under the name of the Lake Shore Nitro-Glycerin Company; that they are bringing the said Nitro-Glycerin to the oil regions for the purpose of blasting rock and earth, and the undersigned has been informed, and rest believes, that the said Mowbray and his confederates have been and are using and using rock and toppling all oil wells, in violation of the patent granted to him, the undersigned, by the United States government, for blasting rock and oil wells with electricity.

Nor this is to give the said Mowbray and his confederates, and all others concerned, notice that unless they give satisfactory assurances that they will desist from violating any and all of the aforesaid patents, and also give a full account of monies received by said individuals and others, and pay the said monies to the undersigned, on the 1st day of January, 1870, with interest at 5 per cent, until the date of payment, the defalcation will be caused by false entries.

Newspaper Men Arrested.

Plans E. Kingman, "Treasurer of the South Congregation Church," was arrested, charged with being a defaulter to a church in the sum of \$21,000. The defalcation was caused by false entries.

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A special to the Tribune from St. Cloud says: "A passenger from Fort Abercrombie reports that C. Cunningham, of the Toronto Globe, and Robertson, of the Toronto Telegraph, were arrested in their arrival at Fort Garry on the 12th and lodged in jail."

The undersigned desire to inform the proprietors of the said Mowbray and his confederates, that they will be looked to as the responsible offenders in the violation of the patents aforesaid, and that they must not expect to escape by the employment of irresponsible persons to torpedo their wells, as the patent laws hold them as offenders, all persons who receive benefit of the said torpedoes.

This notice is hereby given by the undersigned in his capacity as patentee of electrical blasting, and as President of the United States Blasting Oil Company, and of the Nitro-Glycerin Company of the City of New York.

TAT. P. SHAFTELL, President.

A Cough, Cold or Sore Throat.

Requires immediate attention, as negative often results in an insatiable Lung Disease.

BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHIES will most invariably give instant relief.

For Bronchitis, Asthma, Catarrh, Consumption and Throat Diseases they have a soothing effect. Smokers and public speakers use them to clear and strengthen the voice.

Frozen to Death.

A man named Barnes, while going to his home from Wausau, Wis., to Deer Creek, on Tuesday night last, froze to death. He was going home in a wagon with his wife, somewhat intoxicated, and the woman drove while he took a nap in the bottom of the wagon. When they reached home he was stiff and cold in death.

In the first winter in the Crimea the French soldiers suffered comparatively little. After that their sufferings increased and very rapidly extended. Insufficient and inappropriate diet, the neglect of important sanitary precautions,

and the want of adequate medical attendance, were the causes of this unhappy condition.

M. Laboulaye, physiologically trained, when his troops attacked French army, so severe were the labors, so great are the dangers incurred by the overworked military surgeon that, in the Crimean war, while the English army did not lose one surgeon, the French army, out of 450 surgeons, lost eighty-two. Their loss in surgeons was proportionately twice as great as their loss in soldiers, and at the outset the French army, three times as numerous as the English, had only the same number of medical attendants.

With the Prussian military medical system the French will not bear comparison. In the war of 1866 there were 1,933 surgeons in the Prussian army actually in the field, while in the entire French army, there are only 1,053 surgeons. M. Laboulaye, who has studied politics and medicine in this country closer than almost any other Frenchman, adds: "To exhibit the poverty of the French system is the strongest possible light, it is with the medical system of the American army as seen during the civil war that it should be contrasted. Abundant medical stores were furnished by the Government, but the luxuries—the soap, the beef tea, the wine, the whisky, the tobacco—for the convalescents were to the last extent the gift of individuals; and in France such gifts are not looked for, are sold made, and even discouraged by the authorities. It is assumed that the French army has no wants that are not adequately supplied by the Government; and when, during the Italian campaign, presents were forwarded by private persons for the benefit of the troops, it was officially announced that such contributions were not required, and that those already received would be sold, and the proceeds in money paid into the general fund." Such a Sanitary Commission as we had here during the late rebellion would be disconcerted by the French Government. It is to be hoped that the French Legislator shall inquire into the condition of the French soldiers.

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WINTER CLOTHING

AT-

PRICES LOWER THAN EVER

We wish to close
out this branch of our
business, and for this
reason, will sell our
goods from 25 to 40
per cent. below their
market value.

MCFARLAND, SMITH & CO.,

SUCCESSORS TO J. A. LOSEE.

Titusville Morning Herald.

Saturday, January 29, 1870.

New County Bill in the Senate.

A private dispatch from Harrisburg informs us that the New County Bill passed to third reading yesterday, and will come to final vote on Monday.

RESIDENCE FOR SALE.—Furnished or unfurnished—centrally located. Enquire at this office.

The coal and ice dealers propose having a joint meeting to sympathize with each other.

TREMAINE'S stereopticon is on exhibition at Franklin. After visiting Oil City, it will return to Titusville.

ESLER has Harper's, with illustrations of the Penobsky funeral train, Bruce Arthur, and some fine English scenes.

The act of the Legislature declaring Good Friday a public holiday was approved by Gov. Geary on the 12th of April, 1869.

THE ERIE county Monumental Association have raised the sum of nearly \$3,000 towards carrying out their plan of a national project.

THE REV. ANDREW MURDOCK, of Rochester, N. Y., will preach in the Baptist church tomorrow morning and evening. Seats five.

MR. THOMAS A SHAW, of Janesport, has formed a copartnership with Mr. R. J. Straight, of Pioneer, Pa., for the manufacture of burning oil.

THE CONNEAUTVILLE RECORD publishes a "dead beat" list of delinquent subscribers, an emphatic notification that they had better walk up to the captain's office and settle.

THE EMPLOYEES of the Buffalo, Corry & Pittsburgh Railroad have presented their retiring Superintendent, A. R. Trow, Esq., with a handsome gold watch and chain, as a testimonial of their regard for him.

COUNTERTIFERS of different denominations of Uncle Sam's greenbacks are becoming numerous. Tens, ones, fifty cents and quarters are out, and require close observation to be distinguished from the genuine.

GREEN OIL IN A NEW SPOT.—Messrs. Hobert and Cull have just completed a new well on the Golden farm, McCollum run, and 22 feet in the sixth sand, and yesterday was pumping green oil.

COLLECTIONS.—By an error of the types, we were yesterday made to say the capital invested in the Petroleum Iron Works was \$2,500,000. It should have read \$250,000. The attendance at the Union School is eight hundred instead of seven hundred scholars.

A FALSEHOOD CONTRADICTED.—The Harburg Telegraph says:

"Lowry, it is alleged, owns a large amount of real estate at Titusville. Titusville is to be the new county seat. The building of court house, jail, &c., at public cost, will enhance the value of property there very largely."

Who alleges it, Mr. Telegraph? The allegation is utterly false, and maliciously uttered. No "foul" blows! Keep truth on your side!

FIVE DOLLARS FINE.—The practice of driving heavily loaded teams over the now iron bridge at the Franklin street crossing of Oil Creek, seriously threatens the stability of that structure, and the practice is of every day occurrence, particularly with oil teamsters. The Common Council have strictly prohibited it, and hereafter all violators of the law will be mulcted in the sum of five dollars and costs of prosecution for every offence.

THE ERIC CONVENTION of the Diocese of Pittsburgh, had a very interesting meeting at Christ Church, Meadville, on Tuesday and Wednesday of this week. Sermons were preached by the Bishop (Kerfoot), and the Rev. Messrs. Spaulding, Crampion and Getz. The missionary work of the Convention was reported to be progressing satisfactorily. The next meeting of the Convention will be held in St. Paul's Church, Erie, in Easter week.

WELCOME THE COMING, SPEED THIS PAVING.—Mr. Samuel Blakely, for several years past the oil reporter of the HERALD, has severed his connection with this paper, in order to engage in business, on his own account, as an oil broker. We are sorry to part with our associate for so many years, and he has our best wish for his future prosperity. Intelligent, energetic, honest and untiring in his habits of industry, Mr. B. has every qualification for business success; is peculiarly conversant with the field he has chosen, and will command the confidence of the Petroleum trade everywhere.

Mr. C. C. Leonard, Mr. Blakely's successor in this department, has been connected with the HERALD's office for the past three years, and has thoroughly qualified himself for the onerous and responsible duties he has now assumed. Mr. Leonard is probably as extensively known in the oil region as any gentleman of Titusville, nor need we add that he enjoys the confidence of all who know him.

GOOD BARGAINS to please, first-class make, by the agent, at May's furniture store.

WARRIOR COUNTY LEGISLATION.—Representative Stone has introduced a bill providing for the distribution of the dog tax among the different school districts of Warren county, and that the claims for sheep killed by dogs shall be settled by the Boards of the different townships. There is now an accumulation under the present law, in the County Treasurer of about fourteen hundred dollars of this fund, which, according to the proposed legislation will be used for school purposes. Mr. Stone has also introduced a bill to incorporate the Warren Savings' Bank, with a capital stock of \$25,000 and power to increase it to \$200,000.

The sweetest perfumes, the finest oils, the newest and best toilet articles, and the best dragee in this market can be found at G. J. Hill's, Franklin street.

G. J. Hill's, Franklin street, at

McFarland, Smith & Co.

Business of Titusville.

Happening in the office of the Register of Internal Revenue yesterday, we were permitted to glance at the returns officially made to that office from some of our leading business houses during the last month. And it seems peculiarly appropriate at this time, while the new county bill is pending in the Legislature, and while the opponents of the measure are industriously decrying it, that we present a few statistical facts bearing upon the pretensions of Titusville as the commercial centre of the oil region.

The following are reports of sales made by the several firms for the period of nine months ending December 1, 1869:

F. H. Abbott, petroleum.....\$18,955

F. W. Ames, hardware.....185,624

John A. Atwell, iron works.....331,309

Clark, Hayes & Co., groceries.....373,283

George & Son, Standard works.....45,000

McCollum & Co., groceries (three months).....202,062

From the 1st of December to the 1st of January, (one month), the returns of the same firms were as follows:

W. H. Abbott.....\$16,000

Bryan, Dillingham & Co.....120,000

Clark, Hayes & Co.....35,000

George & Son, Standard works.....45,000

McCollum & Co., groceries (three months).....41,000

These are but a few representative houses. We may add that the firm of Murray & Co., refiners, exhibit a business of \$160,000 per year; Morland & Co., do, \$100,000; Jackson & Cluley, do, \$100,000; Hinkley & Allen, do, \$120,000. There are four dry goods stores whose sales range from \$100,000 to \$125,000 each, and there is scarcely a business firm in the city whose transactions do not exceed \$25,000.

The deposits in our two banks, the Savings and Second National, are over one million dollars, and each bank pays a revenue tax of \$2,500 a year. The daily transactions at the banks, checked out and changing hands, averages seventy-five thousand dollars per day. If there is any "country seat" in the State of Pennsylvania, outside of Philadelphia and Pittsburgh that can exhibit superior business statistics, Titusville will withdraw her claims for that honorable distinction.

DARING ATTEMPTED INCENDIARISM.—Since the "shake up" experienced by our city some weeks since, at the nitro-glycerine explosion, there has been a general distrust of all suspicious looking parcels supposed to contain the highly explosive. Harmless oysters came upon the street have been shunned as would be a serpent, and innocent travelers with dark colored portmanteaus, looked upon with the same fear and feeling that marked the advent of the phosphorus man and his black carpet-bag in Gotham, during the war. The effect of the explosion is yet seen in the nervousness that infects many of our citizens, who at a sudden noise rush into the street and gaze upward, as if expecting to see the remains of some unfortunate being sifted down through the air, like flakes of snow, amid pieces of timber and the general debris of an explosion.

JOHN DANBENPECK — Indictment, selling liquor without license, on oath of J. Walmer. Defendant plead guilty, and was sentenced to pay a fine of \$125 and costs of prosecution.

Mrs. Lizzie Brown—Two indictments for keeping a house, one on return of constable and the other on oath of L. Davis. Tried. Verdict guilty in both cases.

This case concluded the criminal business of the term, and the Petit Jury were discharged. The business of this term has been unusually light, and such as there has been so thoroughly prepared by our efficient District Attorney, S. B. Myers, that it has been disposed of with great rapidity and promptness. The Court on two or three occasions during the work, has complimented the District Attorney for his promptness and the thoroughness with which he has prepared the cases on the part of the Commonwealth, thus expediting the business of the term.

FROM HICKORY.

HICKORY, Pa., Jan. 20, 1870.

Editor Morning Herald.

SAIN.—During the last break in winter's icy reign, several rigs have been commenced on the hill south-east of the town. The Fisher Bros. have broken ground on the R. E. Scott farm for a wall, and will soon commence another on the part of themselves, and to quiet the tributary should arrive at dinner or supper time, when the inmates are all assembled. If the lady should chance to live with her family, she contrives to invite several friends for the expected moment, who may be duly impressed with the admiration she has excited.

It may be noticed of the negro valentines that though they nearly all represent caricatures of the colored race, the representation is entirely in good English, and they usually well supply the names of persons. There are some on the writing side of the period, dandies, coquettish, fiddlers, ball-room belles and others. One of the few African suggestions relates to the shape of a colored maiden. The verses close with:

"Where thou these herring bones find,
There's death to every crooking thing."

RUSS & DAVIDSON are closing out their stock of Furniture and Carpets at bargains.

CARTLE TIRE, at Gardner's Good's Block, Franklin street.

RUSS & DAVIDSON are closing out their stock of Furniture and Carpets at bargains.

CARTERS, oil clothe, mats, matting, hassocks and druggate, at

FUNK, JACKSON & FULLER.

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WE are now closing out the balance of our winter stock at cost.

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CARTERS, oil clothe, mats, matting, hassocks and druggate, at

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CITIZEN'S MORNING HERALD.

The "Citizen's Morning Herald" is a weekly paper which the dressers were "watered silk & plush."

Boston papers say "The Centennial anniversary of the American Revolution was a success."

The office of "Leader to the Press" of the French, "Le Monde," is open for a long time. This time, the poor but pretty reader marries the Viscount de Briony.

The late Edward A. Stevens, of Hoboken, left an estate of \$3,000,000, exclusive of debts left to his widow, and the "States' Rights."

M. Leibowit, a French jeweler of repute, fell dead a few days since at the foot of his organ, in the church of St. Sulpice, Paris.

The boy of Ximenes has imprisoned all the jewellers of his capital, and closed their stores, because they refused to give him any more credit.

Jay Gould is his "gold corner" testimony at Washington, decided language, exonerated President Grant and Secretary Boutwell of all knowledge of the speculation.

Boston claims to have cast the first bronze statue cast in this country. The statue represented Nathanial Bowditch. It was cast in May 1847.

A young girl of sixteen, who had a school house in Washington county, W. Va., last week, so as to obtain lodgings from the county during the winter.

The British government is taking no action of the English telegraph lines, it is said. It adopted the Morse system of operating the wires to the exclusion of all others.

Some people think it a clever thing to offer a contest for riches, while not one of them, at the same time, would refuse a sum if it were offered.

An elderly German school teacher killed himself at Newark, N. J., Saturday, whilstaboring under depression of spirits caused by personal difficulties.

The present Brazilian Ministry are accused by a writer in the Anglo-Brazilian "Press" of being devoted to the perpetuation of slavery in the Empire.

Mr. Delaplaine, the great farmer of Minnesota, is said to have made one hundred and fifty thousand dollars, clear gain, in three years of farming.

The name of Wm. S. Grossman, of Cincinnati, is mentioned by some western papers as a possible Democratic candidate for the Presidency in 1872.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Oil Lands, Oil Wells, Interests

in Oil Wells and Farms; Houses and lots in the city of Titusville for sale. Still the latest maps of the Oil Region kept in the office of George

J. Sherman, No. 3 Fletcher Block, for the benefit of parties desiring information.

Fred. Nyeland,

MINERAL-AND SODA WATER

Works,

No. 8 and 10, Brook Street, Titusville, Pa.

NEW YORK MARKET

COR. FRANKLIN & MAIN STREETS,

TITUSVILLE.

WEBB & HOFFER,
(Successors to Austin & Blapton)

PROPRIETORS
The undersigned in assuming charge of the New York Market desire to inform the public that a well-earned reputation will be fully sustained. Only the choicest and

Best of Meats

will be kept. It will be their purpose to supply customers with promptness and to their entire satisfaction.

MULS W. F. FELDERMAN & HOFFER

Titusville, August 10, 1869.
N. B.—Bidders over the Creek and around the country are informed that we shall carry on the business as heretofore. Compliments solicited.

Drafts.

A. TALAMO,
DEALER IN

PAINTS, OILS, COLORS, SASH,

WALL PAPER,
Doors and Window Glass,

SIGN AND HOUSE PAINTING, Gilding and

Gilding,

Opposite Second National Bank Titusville, Penna.

PAINT SHOP,

Re-established at the oil stand

BASSEY'S RALPH'S BUILDING,

South Franklin Street Titusville

HOUSE, SIGN, ORNAMENTAL PAINTING AND

GILDING,

R. R. & CITY BAGGAGE WAGON.

All passenger trains attend and baggage taken up or delivered in any part of the city. Orders can be sent on my slate at Madison House.

John Dick

BROWN'S LIVERY,
BOARDING AND SALE STABLES,

Spring Alley, Opposite American Hotel.

GOOD HORSES CARRIAGES AND EQUIPMENTS

TRY IT OF Every Description

I would specially invite your attention to my livery establishment, with its merits that I can now every demand for first-class turn-outs. I have

An Omnibus,

Which runs from and to the Hotel connecting with all passenger trains and will call at private residence when desired. I have also

A Hearse,

And will attend to funerals on reasonable terms.

C. BROWN'S Spring Alley.

Between Washington and Franklin streets, West.

Opposite Washington and Franklin streets, West.

PHILADELPHIA AND ERIE R. R.

WINTER TIME TABLE

On and after MONDAY NOV 1st, 1869 the trains on the Philadelphia & Erie Railroad will run as follows:

WEDNESDAY

7 A.M. Corry

7:30 A.M. Erie

8:20 P.M. Erie Express

9:10 P.M. Corry

10:00 A.M. Erie

11:50 P.M. Erie

12:45 A.M. Corry

1:35 P.M. Erie

2:25 P.M. Corry

3:15 P.M. Erie

4:05 P.M. Corry

4:55 P.M. Erie

5:45 P.M. Corry

6:35 P.M. Erie

7:25 P.M. Corry

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9:05 P.M. Corry

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